

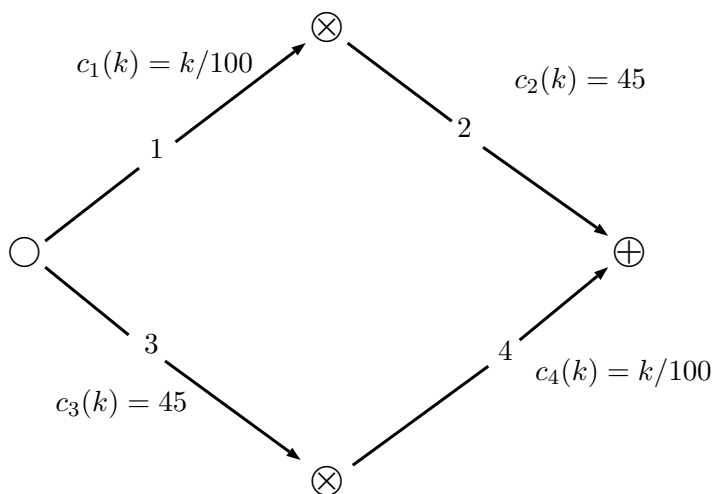
# Advanced Microeconomics

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## Assignment for part 2

This assignment concerns a congestion game. See Lesson 6 for a description of this game.

Consider the following traffic network in case of  $n$  commuters, where  $n$  is even.



As in Lesson 6, route 1 concerns roads 1-2 and route 2 concerns roads 3-4. Again denote total costs for commuter  $i$  in a route profile  $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, \dots, x_n)$  by  $C_i(\mathbf{x})$ . So for each commuter  $i$ ,  $x_i = 1$  or  $x_i = 2$ .

Given  $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, \dots, x_n)$ , let  $n_1(\mathbf{x})$  be the number of commuters who choose route 1 and  $n_2(\mathbf{x})$  the number of commuters who choose route 2.

1. Show that for each commuter  $i$

$$C_i(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{cases} c_1(n_1(\mathbf{x})) + c_2(n_1(\mathbf{x})) & \text{if } x_i = 1; \\ c_3(n_2(\mathbf{x})) + c_4(n_2(\mathbf{x})) & \text{if } x_i = 2. \end{cases}$$

2. Show that a route profile  $\mathbf{e}$  satisfying  $n_1(\mathbf{e}) = n_2(\mathbf{e})$  is a Nash equilibrium. Is such a Nash equilibrium strict? (Hint: determine the costs  $C_1(\mathbf{e})$  and  $C_2(\mathbf{e})$  and the costs if one player chooses his other possible route in  $\mathbf{e}$ ).
3. Determine all Nash equilibria.

Please handle (by email) in before October 14.